Developing Macroeconomic Stabilization Policies for Low-Income Economies.

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 - poor quality of official measures of output and inflation
 - short time period of availability
- A second challenge is structural changes in developing economies

The broader agenda: A structural framework for policy analysis in Ghana

- We can't simply adopt models as specified for advanced small open economies
- What are the relevant shocks?
- What are the relevant frictions?
- We provide evidence on the role of various shocks in this paper using VARs
- We are using time varying parameter econometric models to partially address the issue of structural change



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 - More accurately reflects expected state of economy when policy decisions are made
 - We are still missing data to run the nowcast on longer time period (prior 2000)

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- 2 Why South Africa?
 - We view it as a closely related but more advanced version of Ghana
 - For example, both have large primary goods sectors and
 - Now operate under the inflation targeting framework
 - The prior contains information about what we think the Ghana economy is moving towards

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 - We also investigate time variation in the VARs



Outline

lacktriangledown Methodology

2 Empirical Results

Conclusion



Model

• We estimate a series of VAR models

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$$Y_t = B_0 + B_1 Y_{t-1} + \dots + B_p Y_{t-p} + \mu_t, \tag{1}$$

- We estimate Eq. 1 using Bayesian methods on quarterly data
- Ghana, South Africa and the G7 countries: 1985:1-2010:3;3 lags
- We use priors to handle the size of the VAR (Bandura et al., 2010)
- G7-block and commodity prices are exogenous to Ghana and South Africa: SOE (e.g. Cushman and Zha, 1997)



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 - 2005, Meeks, 2012, Helbling, Otrok, Kose, 2011)

Sign Restrictions

N°	Indicators	G7-aggregate		Domestic (SA or GHA)	
		Credit	Productivity	Credit	Productivity
1	G7-Real GDP		_	0	0
2	G7-Inflation		+	0	0
3	G7-Real Credit	_	_	0	0
4	G7-Tbil			0	0
5	US-Credit Spread	+	+	0	0
6	US-Default	_	+	0	0
7	(SA/GHA)-Real GDP				_
8	(SA/GHA)-Inflation				+
9	(SA/GHA)-Real Credit			_	_
10	(SA/GHA)-Tbil				
11	SA-Credit Spread			+	+
12	SA-Default			_	+
13	(SA/GHA)-Real Com. Price			0	0
14	REER of the rand or for GHS				
15	(SA/GHA)-Export	1			
16	(SA/GHA)-Import				·

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- SA-Credit spread: yield on Eskom bond and baa US private corporate bond

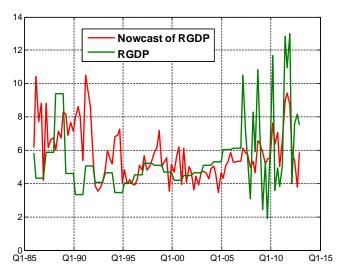
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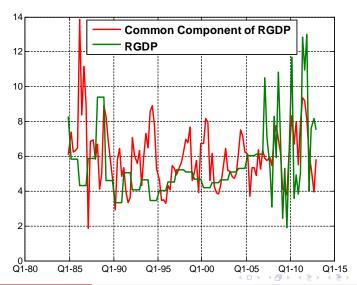
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- G7 spread: US baa-aaa corporate spread
- G7 series are estimated as the first PC



Nowcasting Quarterly RGDP growth for Ghana (YoY)



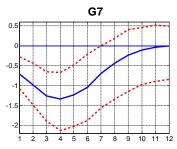
Common Component Growth for Ghana (YoY)

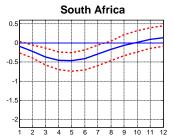


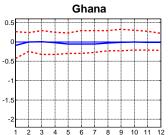
Part I

Empirical Results: Credit annu Productivity Shocks

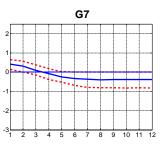
G7 Credit Shocks on Output

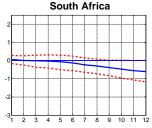


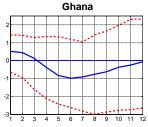




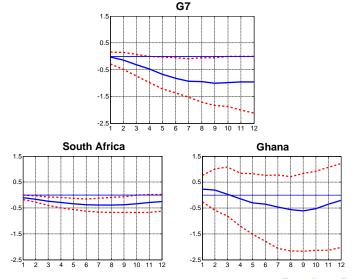
G7 Credit Shocks on Inflation



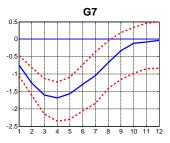


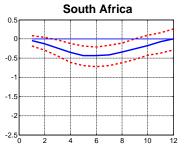


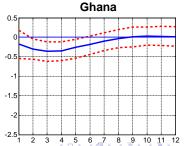
Monetary Policy Response to G7 Credit Shocks



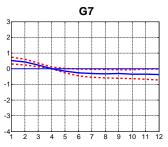
G7 Productivity Shocks on Output

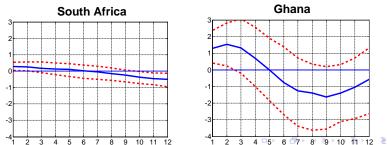




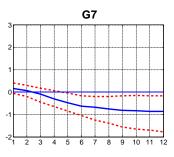


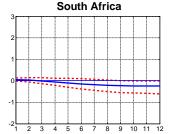
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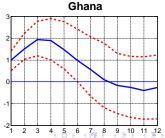




Monetary Policy Response to G7 Productivity Shocks

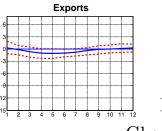


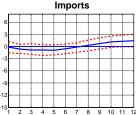




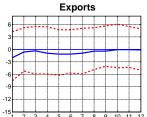
G7 Credit Shocks: Trade

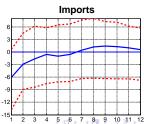
South Africa





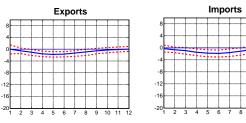
Ghana



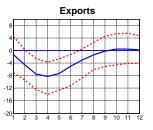


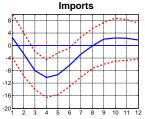
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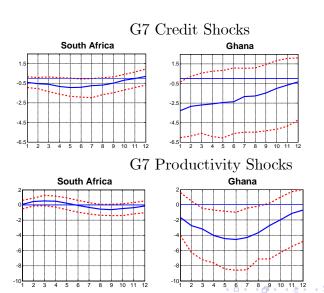


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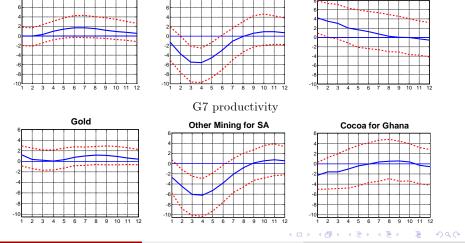




G7 Shocks: Credit Channel



G7 Shocks: Commodity Price Channel



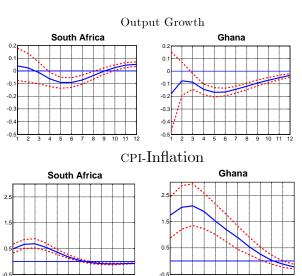
G7 Credit Shocks

Other Mining for SA

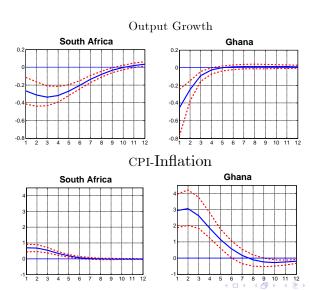
Gold

Cocoa for Ghana

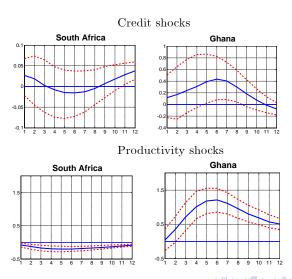
Domestic Credit Shocks



Domestic Productivity Shocks



Monetary Policy Response to Dom Shocks



G7-shocks contribution to G7 and commodity prices

	G7-Credit Shocks								
Horizon	G7-GDP	G7-CPI	G7-Credit	G7-SIR	Gold	Cocoa	Oth. Mining		
					price	$_{ m price}$	price		
1	13.1	15.0	23.5	5.4	3.2	3.9	5.1		
4	13.9	14.3	22.8	7.0	5.1	6.0	8.3		
8	14.4	14.0	19.8	9.6	7.8	8.0	10.1		
12	14.5	14.4	18.9	10.9	8.8	9.3	11.1		
	G7-Productivity Shocks								
1	14.2	22.9	5.6	6.0	3.4	2.6	5.8		
4	15.9	19.8	8.3	6.9	5.5	4.5	9.4		
8	16.6	17.1	11.9	8.9	8.3	7.1	11.7		
12	16.5	15.9	12.9	9.9	9.2	8.1	12.0		

Contribution of Credit Shocks on SA and GHA

		G7 Shocks							
	Horizon	GDP	CPI	credit	SIR	spreads	Export	Import	REER
	1	3.08	3.02	2.39	3.82	2.48	2.32	2.38	5.11
South	4	6.65	4.06	5.09	5.54	4.42	5.56	5.37	6.38
Africa	8	9.38	6.24	7.41	8.59	6.95	7.42	7.55	8.03
	12	10.10	8.62	8.74	9.79	8.45	8.22	8.97	9.39
	1	2.86	3.13	3.34	4.05	3.16	2.69	3.00	3.10
Ghana	4	5.43	4.07	5.78	6.45	5.87	5.20	5.42	4.77
	8	6.84	6.92	8.29	8.30	7.69	6.71	7.07	7.02
	12	7.81	8.48	9.27	8.99	8.91	7.43	8.30	8.26
				De	$_{ m mestic}$	Shocks			
	1	0.68	11.50	16.38	1.21	19.42	2.85	1.96	2.25
\mathbf{South}	4	1.32	9.36	12.72	1.54	15.68	2.14	1.77	2.34
Africa	8	1.47	5.96	9.32	1.41	10.67	1.76	1.50	2.07
	12	1.26	3.86	7.66	1.15	8.29	1.59	1.34	1.79
	1	1.24	7.21	12.25	1.46	19.40	2.36	2.02	1.90
Ghana	4	1.13	6.95	9.01	2.51	14.16	1.97	1.98	1.83
	8	1.50	4.83	6.41	3.40	10.02	2.11	1.82	2.05
	12	1.41	3.72	5.37	3.18	7.69	1.92	_1.68 _	1.98

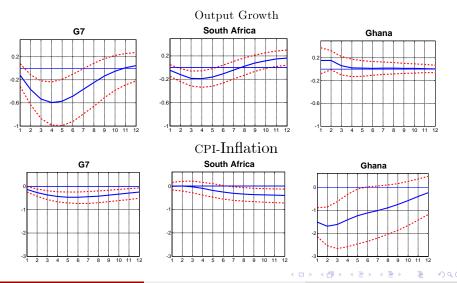
Contribution of Credit Productivity on SA and GHA

					G'	7-Shocks			
	Horizon	GDP	CPI	Credit	SIR	spreads	Export	Import	REEF
	1	2.25	3.20	2.27	4.03	2.13	2.31	1.72	5.97
	4	6.46	4.02	5.65	5.74	4.28	5.47	4.95	6.32
South	8	10.40	6.08	8.09	8.80	6.32	7.68	8.05	7.57
Africa	12	11.24	8.08	9.41	10.28	7.64	8.27	9.48	8.58
	1	2.78	3.28	2.28	4.81	2.93	2.10	2.57	3.25
	4	6.16	4.56	4.53	8.61	5.80	5.71	5.67	4.59
Ghana	8	7.32	6.83	7.79	8.85	7.43	7.65	7.83	6.36
	12	8.04	8.00	8.78	9.55	8.63	8.46	8.57	7.77
	Domestic Shocks								
	1	8.35	18.37	6.71	1.46	6.99	2.62	7.84	2.25
	4	5.73	14.46	5.53	2.03	5.37	2.03	5.19	2.32
South	8	3.97	8.76	4.44	1.81	3.58	1.65	3.95	2.09
Africa	12	3.07	5.58	3.96	1.38	2.94	1.49	3.46	1.80
	1	4.41	19.70	1.74	0.84	5.83	2.64	8.39	2.49
	4	3.51	16.41	2.57	2.24	4.28	2.32	6.43	2.39
Ghana	8	3.10	9.50	2.47	2.76	3.30	2.48	5.37	2.77
	12	2.98	7.58	2.12	2.25	2.65	2.38	4.68	2.56

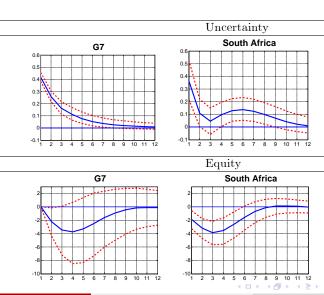
Part II

Empirical Results: G7 Uncertainty Shocks

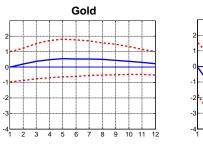
G7- Uncertainty shocks

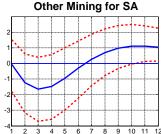


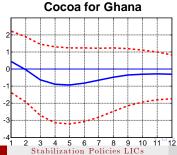
G7-uncertainty shocks



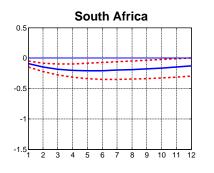
G7-uncertainty shocks

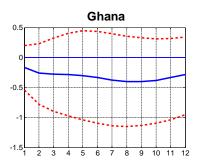






Monetary Policy Response to G7-uncertainty shocks





Contribution of G7-Uncertainty

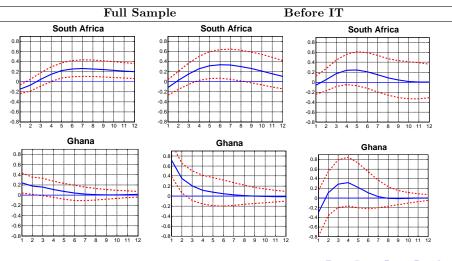
	Horizon	Gdp	CPI
	1	0.91	1.70
G7	4	4.69	7.82
	8	6.63	12.55
	12	6.87	13.76
	1	0.91	0.68
South	4	4.23	1.52
Africa	8	4.78	3.88
	12	6.62	6.08
	1	1.09	8.56
Ghana	4	2.59	7.48
	8	3.25	7.59
	12	3.57	7.90

Horizon	Gold	Oth. Mining	Cocoa
1	0.71	0.56	0.76
4	1.74	2.18	1.93
8	2.89	3.14	2.99
12	3.58	4.05	3.59

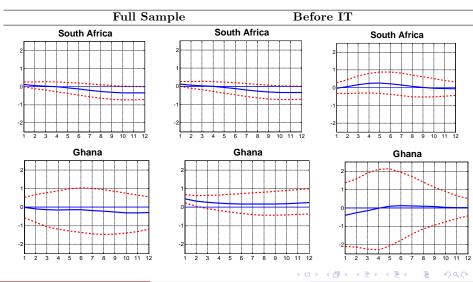
Part III

Empirical Results: Commodity Price Shocks

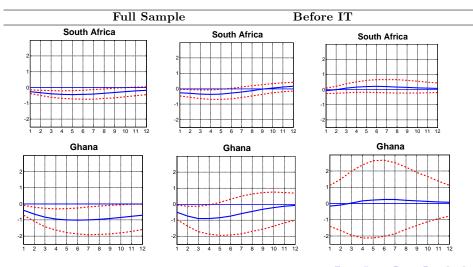
Gold Price on Output



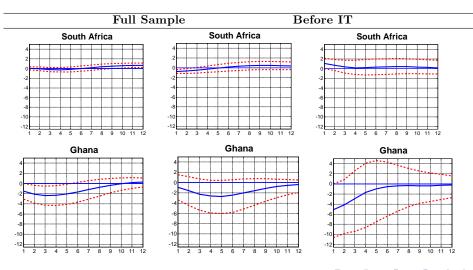
Gold Price on Inflation



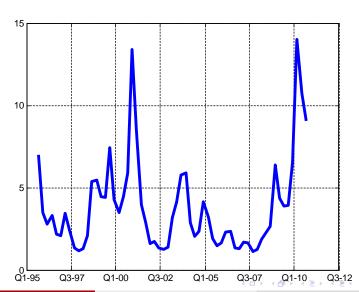
Monetary Policy Response to Gold Price



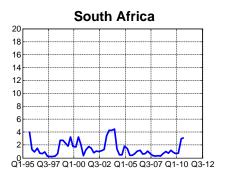
Gold price on credit

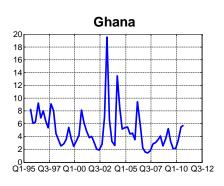


Volatility in Gold Price

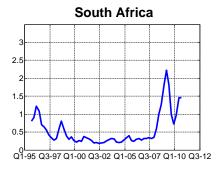


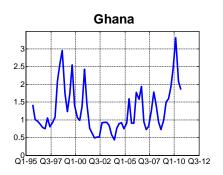
Volatility in Inflation



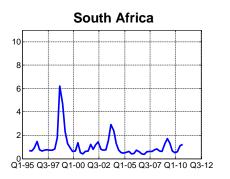


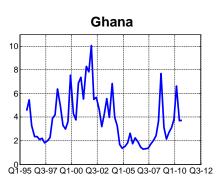
Volatility in Output





Volatility in Short-term Interest Rates





VD gold price

		Full Period	Before IT	During IT			
	Horizons	1 411 1 01104	Output Growth	During 11			
	1	3.68	2.18	2.58			
	4	4.11	6.13	8.43			
South Africa	8	10.62	12.61	13.18			
	12	13.88	14.66	16.32			
	1	2.07	11.01	6.15			
Ghana	4	4.62	13.19	19.44			
	8	5.99	15.25	25.08			
	12	6.37	15.86	25.96			
CPI-Inflation							
	1	1.41	11.36	2.35			
	4	1.70	7.26	6.36			
South Africa	8	3.66	8.23	12.74			
	12	6.22	9.37	16.04			
	1	0.59	1.22	4.42			
Ghana	4	1.45	3.14	12.45			
	8	3.22	7.57	19.02			
	12	4.80	9.84	20.83			
	8	7.97	9.85	24.39			
	12	8.66	11.08	≥ 26.13 ≥ >			

Vd gold price

-		Full Period	Before IT	During IT
	Horizons			
	Sho	ort-term Interest I	Rates	
	1	5.91	4.01	3.12
	4	9.36	9.15	6.60
South Africa	8	13.54	13.04	12.70
	12	15.14	14.46	16.32
	1	2.27	2.83	4.19
Ghana	4	5.74	6.00	9.86
	8	9.71	8.84	16.11
	12	12.25	11.05	18.08
		Real Credit		
	1	0.57	9.58	5.84
	4	1.97	7.68	9.14
South Africa	8	4.21	10.28	12.72
	12	8.31	12.35	15.35
	1	1.56	1.32	11.13
\mathbf{G}	4	5.01	4.90	19.59
	8	7.97	9.85	24.39
	12	8.66	11.08	26.13

DV to gold price

		Full Period	Before IT	During IT
	Horizons			
	Real I	Effective Exchang	e Rates	
	1	3.66	9.06	2.60
	4	5.26	10.37	7.31
South Africa	8	10.60	14.04	12.92
	12	11.76	15.27	14.63
	1	8.38	11.14	17.43
Ghana	4	7.30	13.99	23.81
	8	9.23	16.29	30.10
	12	10.22	17.34	31.23

Conclusion

- Key macroeconomic aggregates of Ghana an South Africa
- Global shocks represent the main driving forces of fluctuations in these economies
- However, these shocks play a more important role in South Africa than in Ghana
- Productivity shocks, whether domestic or external, are more important in South Africa