

*Discussion of
“The Center and the Periphery...”
by G. Kaminsky + C. Reinhart*



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IMF Research Department Pre-Conference “Global Linkages”,
Washington (DC), 25-26 April 2002

Disclaimer: Any views expressed are only the authors' and not necessarily those of the ECB or of the Eurosystem!

My Plan

- K+R contribution to the contagion literature
- An alternative approach: multivariate extreme value analysis - some results
- Why are the results so different?
- Present article 2 or 3 papers...focus here on “strong form” spillovers...most relevant for crises

What Is Systemic Risk?



Systemic risks are for financial market participants what Nessie, the monster of Loch Ness, is for the Scots (and not only for them): Everyone knows and is aware of the danger. Everyone can accurately describe the threat. Nessie, like systemic risk, is omnipresent, but nobody knows when and where it might strike. There is no proof that anyone has really encountered it, but there is no doubt that it exists.

(Sheldon and Maurer, Swiss Journal of Economics, 134(2), 1998, p. 685)

Conditional Co-Crash Probability

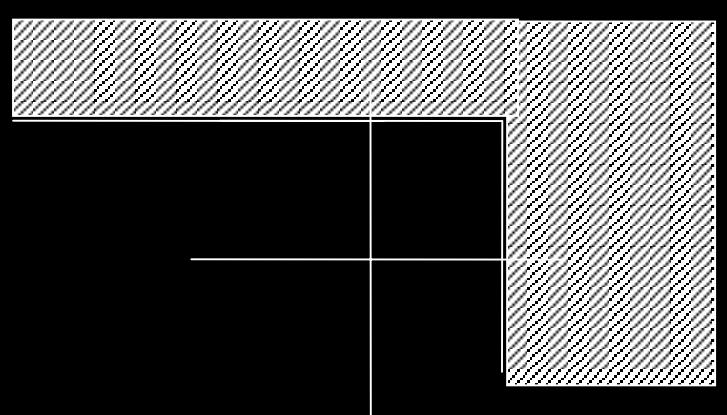
Probability that $\# = 2$ markets crash, given that at least $\# = 1$ crashes

$$P(A/B) = \frac{P(AB)}{P(B)}$$

$$P\{\# = 2 \mid \# \geq 1\} = \frac{P\{X > x, Y > y\}}{1 - P\{X \leq x, Y \leq y\}}$$

$$= \frac{P\{X > x\} + P\{Y > y\} - 1}{1 - P\{X \leq x, Y \leq y\}}$$

=



Estimation of Marginals

Suppose tails vary regularly at infinity
(Frêchet class)

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{F(-tx)}{F(-t)} = x^{-\alpha}$$

tail index α , Hill estimator (use $|x_i| < -s$)

$$\hat{\frac{1}{\alpha}} = \frac{1}{M} \sum_{i=1}^M \log \frac{|x_i|}{s}$$

crash probability estimator
(at VaR crash level)

$$\hat{p}_{VaR} = \frac{M}{n} \left(\frac{VaR}{s} \right)^{-\hat{\alpha}}$$

Bivariate Estimation

Need estimate of dependence function

for $w \rightarrow 0$

$$\frac{1}{w} \left[1 - p \left\{ X \leq Q_1(wp_1), Y \leq Q_2(\hat{wp}_2) \right\} \right]$$

Estimate

$$\frac{n}{k} \left[1 - p \left\{ X \leq Q_1 \left(\frac{\hat{kp}_1}{n} \right), Y \leq Q_2 \left(\frac{\hat{kp}_2}{n} \right) \right\} \right]$$

by counting points in the area:

$$(X_i, Y_i) \mid X_i > Q_1 \left(\frac{\hat{kp}_1}{n} \right) \text{ and/or } Y_i > Q_2 \left(\frac{\hat{kp}_2}{n} \right)$$

Table 3. Cross-border extreme linkages
within bond and stock markets

| Pairs | Stocks | | Bonds | |
|-------|--------|---------------|--------|---------------|
| | ρ | E_{CO}^{SS} | ρ | E_{CO}^{BB} |
| GE-FR | 0.686 | 1.263 | 0.600 | 1.164 |
| GE-UK | 0.575 | 1.130 | 0.438 | 1.109 |
| GE-US | 0.470 | 1.148 | 0.291 | 1.090 |
| GE-JP | 0.314 | 1.216 | 0.198 | 1.051 |
| FR-UK | 0.589 | 1.208 | 0.491 | 1.085 |
| FR-US | 0.497 | 1.201 | 0.363 | 1.049 |
| FR-JP | 0.322 | 1.142 | 0.129 | 1.023 |
| UK-US | 0.546 | 1.118 | 0.425 | 1.100 |
| UK-JP | 0.361 | 1.057 | 0.184 | 1.104 |
| US-JP | 0.328 | 1.119 | 0.164 | 1.080 |

$$E_{CO}^{SS} := \frac{P\{S_1 < -s_1\} + P\{S_2 < -s_2\}}{P\{S_1 < -s_1 \text{ or } S_2 < -s_2\}}$$

$$(s_1, s_2) = (20\%, 20\%)$$

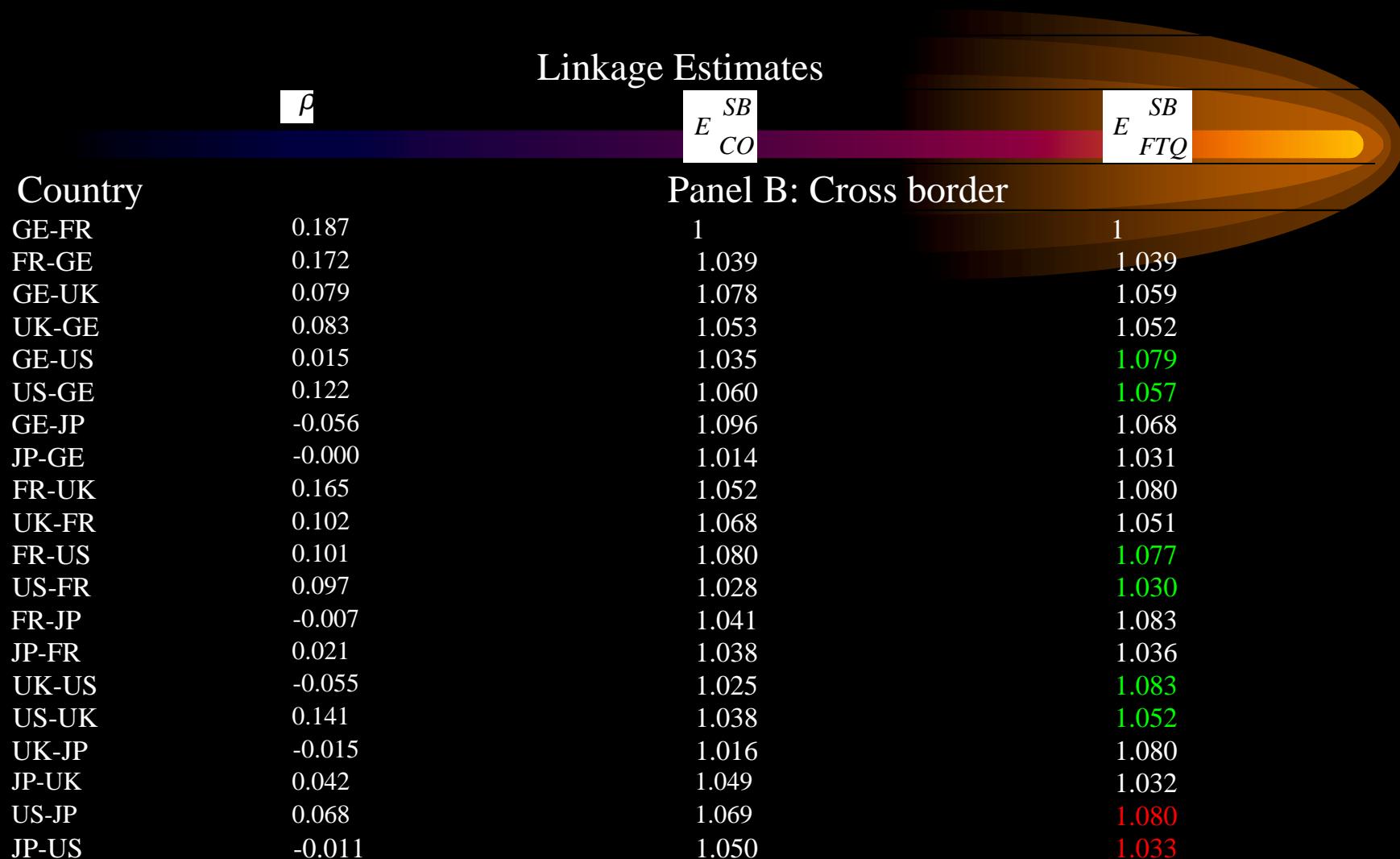
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$$E_{CO}^{BB} := \frac{P\{B_1 < -b_1\} + P\{B_2 < -b_2\}}{P\{B_1 < -b_1 \text{ or } B_2 < -b_2\}}$$

$$(b_1, b_2) = (8\%, 8\%)$$

Source: Hartmann, Straetmans and de Vries, Asset market linkages in crisis periods, ECB WP #71, July 2001.

Table 3 b. International extreme cross-asset linkages:
contagion versus flight-to-quality effects



Source: Hartmann, Straetmans and de Vries, Asset market linkages in crisis periods, ECB WP #71, July 2001.

Table 4c: Extreme linkages between industrial country and emerging market currencies

| Exchange rate pairs | k | ρ | $E_{CO} [+20\%]$ | $E_{CO} [+30\%]$ |
|---------------------|-----|--------|------------------|------------------|
| DEM/USD, Chile | 150 | 0.010 | 1.008 | 1.007 |
| DEM/USD, Colombia | 150 | -0.006 | 1.007 | 1.009 |
| DEM/USD, Venezuela | 150 | -0.018 | 1.008 | 1.007 |
| DEM/USD, Indonesia | 125 | 0.019 | 1.009 | 1.008 |
| DEM/USD, Malaysia | 250 | 0.154 | 1.007 | 1.005 |
| DEM/USD, Thailand | 70 | 0.133 | 1.018 | 1.015 |
| JPY/USD, Chile | 70 | 0.048 | 1.036 | 1.025 |
| JPY/USD, Colombia | 80 | 0.026 | 1.020 | 1.023 |
| JPY/USD, Venezuela | 100 | -0.016 | 1.013 | 1.015 |
| JPY/USD, Indonesia | 150 | 0.124 | 1.016 | 1.011 |
| JPY/USD, Malaysia | 150 | 0.168 | 1.034 | 1.024 |
| JPY/USD, Thailand | 100 | 0.206 | 1.008 | 1.013 |

Source: Hartmann, Straetmans and de Vries, A global persp. on extreme curr. linkages, forthc. Hunter et al., MIT Press

Why Are Linkages so Strong?



- 97-99 period special? “Globalisation” long term
- Small sample of “extremes”?
- Large but “non-extreme” returns more linked?
- Daily data more linked, time zone problems?
- Results dominated by small countries? Not GDP/capitalisation weighted?
- Crashes mixed up with booms?
- Logit assumes constant variance vs. GARCH?
- Stock markets more linked than other markets!