

Spillovers from the Global Economy to Asia

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December 13, 2011
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(These are the views of the presenter and not those of the IMF, its Executive Board, or its Management)

Outline

- Global economic situation and risks
- Spillover channels to Asia



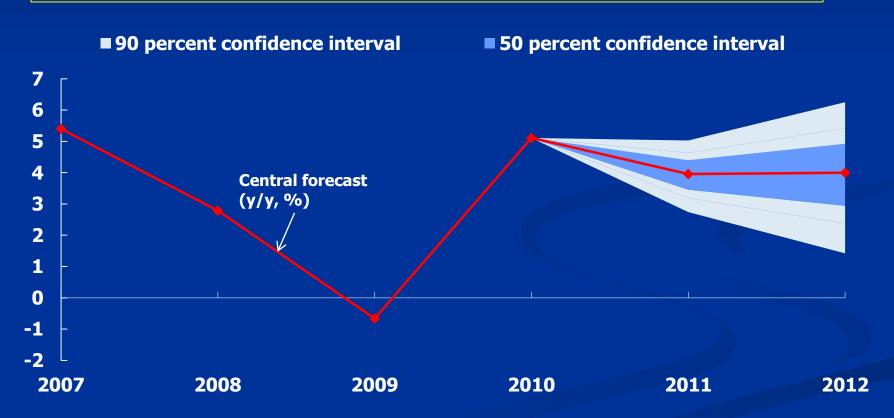
Global Economy: A Dangerous Phase



Global growth: Risks have deteriorated since October

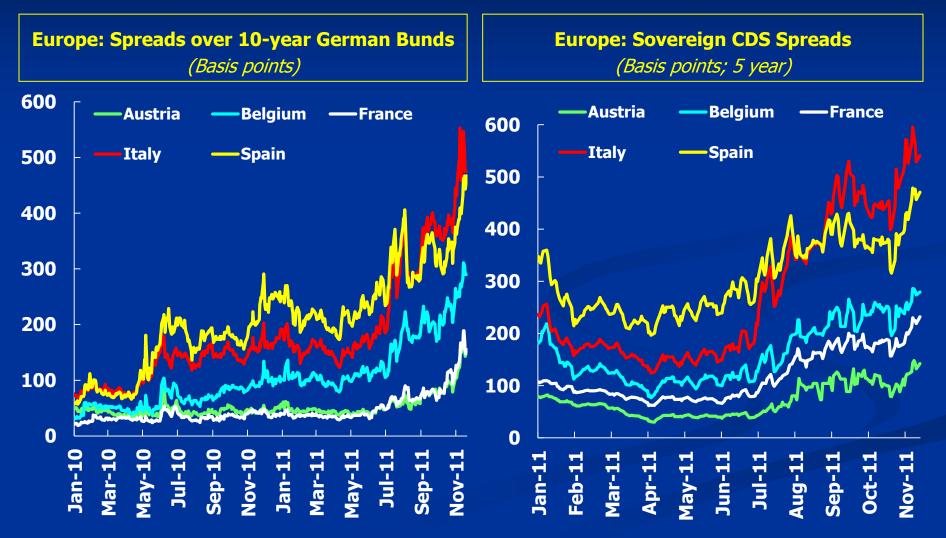
Risks to the Global Outlook

(Baseline forecast and selected confidence bands)





Euro Area: Recent events have increased pressures on sovereigns

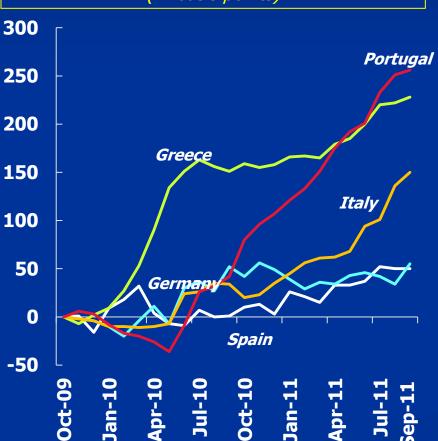




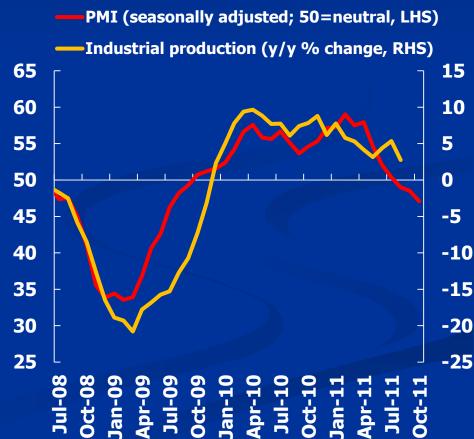
Euro Area: Bank funding costs have increased, undermining recovery prospects



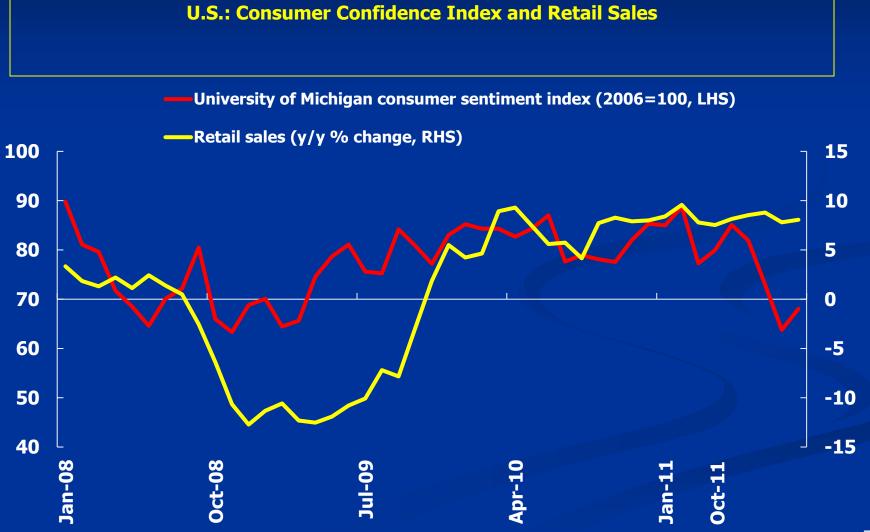
(In basis points)



Europe: Manufacturing PMI and Industrial Production



United States: Some tentative signs of stabilization but risks of an abrupt fiscal withdrawal have increased

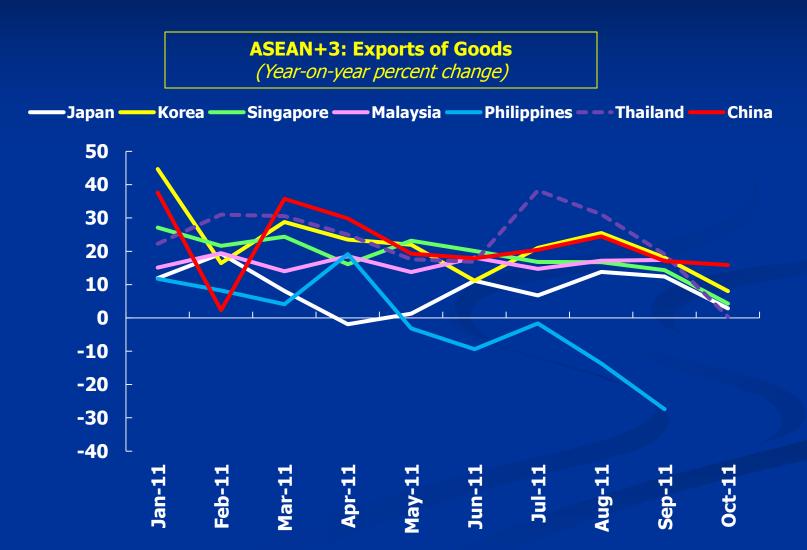




Spillovers to Asia



Asian exports are slowing down because of sluggish global demand

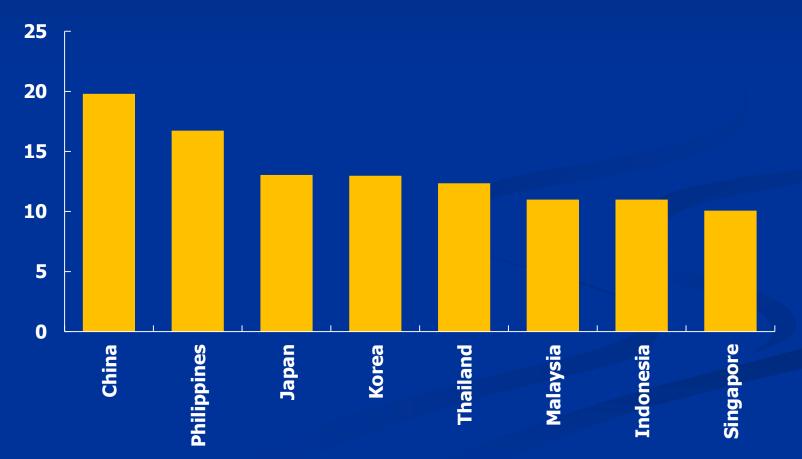




Trade remains a key channel of contagion

ASEAN+3: Exports to the European Union

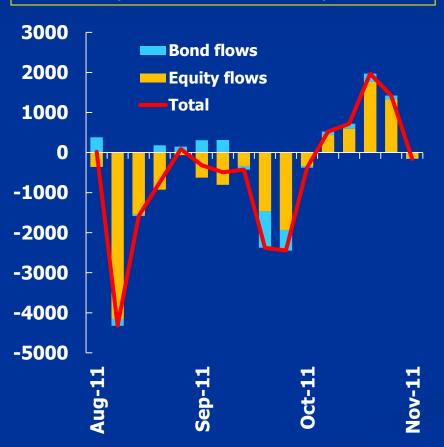
(Percent of total exports, average over 2006-2011)



Financial contagion also a key concern, and volatile capital flows pose downside risk for currencies

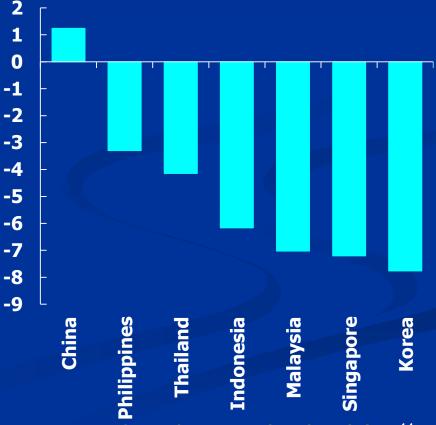
Emerging Asia: Equity Funds — Weekly Net Flows during 2011

(In billions of U.S. dollars)



Emerging Asia: Exchange Rates against U.S. Dollar

(Change since August 1, in percent)



Note: Data as of November 18. Negative= depreciation. 11



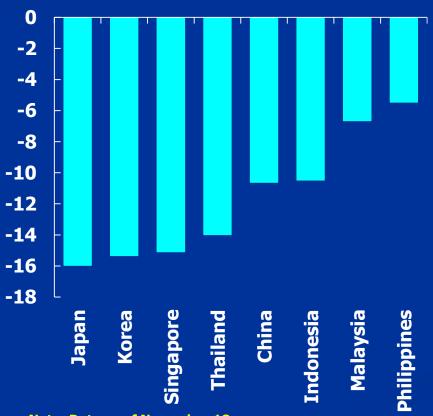
Volatile capital flows also pose a risk for equity and bond markets

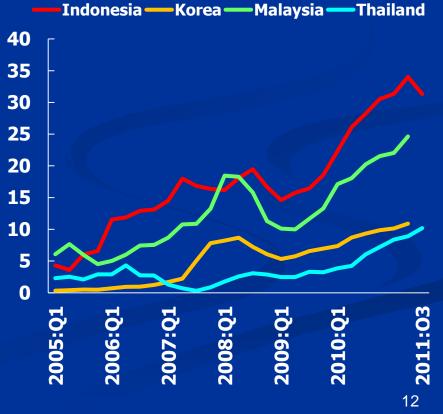
ASEAN+3: Stock Markets

(Change since August 1, in percent)

Foreign Holdings in Local Currency Government Bonds

(In percent of total outstanding local currency government bond)



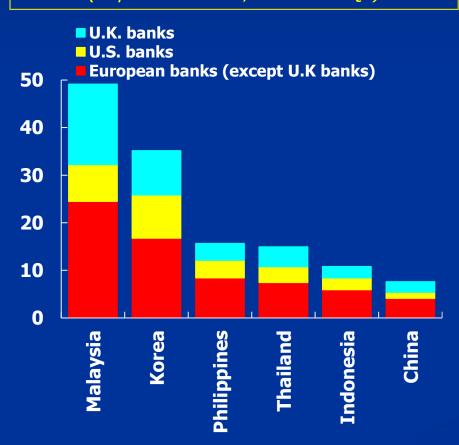


Note: Data as of November 18.

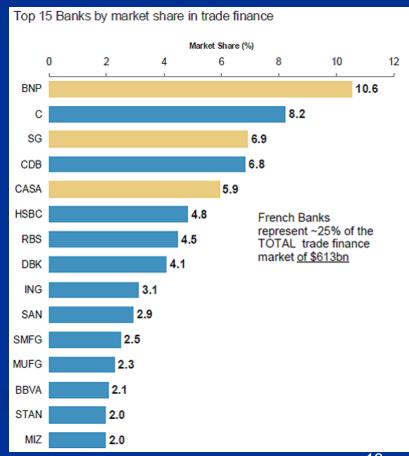


By curtailing financing to the region, European bank deleveraging can affect ASEAN+3

Consolidated Foreign Claims of European and U.S. Banks on Selected Asian Economies (In percent of GDP; as of 2011:Q2)



Trade Finance (share of total, by banks, in percent)



Policy response

- Policies to prepare for the risks: build up policy space; ensure bank liquidity/funding; monitor risks; swap arrangements.
- Policies to respond to the risks; similar to 2008-2009 response: macroeconomic easing; attention to key pressure points (trade finance; bank liabilities; swap lines).



Thank You.