Inflation: Conflict and Spirals

Guido Lorenzoni and Ivan Werning

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MILTON FRIEDMAN



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Our two papers: try to understand general transmission mechanisms... ... get under hood of equations



Wage-Price Spirals (Lorenzoni-Werning, 2022)

Inflation is Conflict (Lorenzoni-Werning, 2023)



Inflation Is Conflict

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- Mechanism for inflation?
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 - Conflict = Disagreement on relative prices
 - Staggered prices (distill best of NK models!)

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- **Our answer: two ingredients...**
 - Conflict = Disagreement on relative prices
 - Staggered prices (distill best of NK models!)
- **Our contribution...**
 - General conflict + creates bridge to modern macro
 - Isolate conflict in a stylized model

Network economy, non-stationary, inflation expectations, REE, stability















Expectations



Expectations

Labor Market Institutions



Expectations

Labor Market Institutions

Fiscal Policy







Energy Shocks

Demand

Monetary Policy

Expectations

Labor Market Institutions



Expectations

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#1 Stylized Model...

- stylized, simple, conceptual, "intuition pump", "shock to the system"
- far from standard traditional models (on purpose)
- Goal: not realism, isolate conflict

no money, no credit, no savings, no interest rates, no output, no employment

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- **#2 General Framework...**
 - akin to macro models...
 - but stripped down and N sectors (fewer special assumptions)
 - result: decomposition of conflict and adjustment inflation
 - $^{\circ}$ Goal: conflict \rightarrow standard modern macro bridge

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Staggered Pricing Game (Conflict)



aspirations



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Staggered Pricing Game

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 $P_n - \sum_{n'} m_{nn'} P_{n'}$ Firm Input-output or worker consumption baskets

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Wage-Price Example $a_W + a_P = 0$



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Generalized Sectoral Inflation is Conflict



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Generalized Sectoral Inflation is Conflict

 $\psi_n \pi_{nt} = \prod_t^C$ n

 $\frac{1}{T}\sum_{t=0}^{T}\pi_{nt} \approx \frac{1}{T}\sum_{t=0}^{T}\Pi_{t}^{C}$



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Generalized Sectoral Inflation is Conflict

Average or Persistent Inflation is Conflict

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Expected inflation (much more in paper)

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Less conventional possibilities?
real wage rigidities (Blanchard-Gali)
… ?



ation flation



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Wage-Price Spirals (Lorenzoni-Werning, 2022)



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 - will this fuel price inflation and reverse it's trend?

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Exercise: demand and supply shocks, impulse responses, results on W/P









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- Caveat: non-rational expectations + real rigidities (see paper) \rightarrow more persistent π





Real Wage Falls When...

(supply-constrained demand shock)

 $\frac{\Lambda_p S_X}{\Lambda_w \epsilon} > \sigma S_L + \eta$ Sticky Prices Low response of VS real wages (MRS) to input Wages hot labor market high share or low elasticity

$$\hat{a}_{t}^{p} = -mpl_{t} = \frac{s_{X}}{\epsilon} dt$$
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Spirals and Conflict Inflation

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- Conflict inflation captures two-way feedback between W and P...
 - $^{\otimes}$ zero if $\lambda^{w} = 0$ or $\lambda^{p} = 0$
 - $^{\circ}$ maximal at $\lambda^{w} = \lambda^{p}$ given $\lambda^{w} + \lambda^{p}$
 - equal to inflation at steady state (plus, previous results)
 - other "adjustment component": does <u>not</u> have these properties





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 - Does W/P falling say something about shock? No: both demand and supply
 - ^{\otimes} W growth > P inflation \rightarrow P inflation rise? No W/P may needs to recover!

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 - more to be done!