# BSP's Regulatory Approach on Cryptocurrencies

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### BASIC FACTS ON CRYPTOCURRENCIES

### □ Easy to setup □ Volatility □ Pseudo anonymous □ Security ☐ Transparent ■ Non-repudiable ☐ Low transaction □ Potential use in fees illegal activities Fast



### CRYPTOCURRENCY INDUSTRY LANDSCAPE













### KEY RISKS FROM CRYPTOCURRENCIES





- Settlement and Liquidity Risks
- Consumer Protection Risks
- Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing Risks





### **BSP & CRYPTOCURRENCIES**

- Cryptocurrencies like Bitcoins need not be restricted.
- Issue public advisory
- Employ proportionate application of regulations at the proper time.



#### Media Releases

#### Warning Advisory on Virtual Currencies

03.06.2014

It has come to the attention of the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) that virtual currencies like Bitcoin are now being exchanged in the Philippines. The public is hereby warned that such exchanges are not regulated by the BSP or by any regulatory authority in the country at this time. Thus, there are no existing regulations which would specifically protect consumers from financial losses if an organization that exchanges or holds virtual currencies fails or goes out of business. Moreover, there is no assurance that the value Bitcoin or any virtual currency would be stable. In fact, its value can be highly volatile.

The BSP will be closely monitoring developments on these virtual currencies particularly on their possible use for money laundering and other illegal purposes, and will adopt appropriate measures as needed.

In the meantime, the public is enjoined to familiarize themselves with some basic information on the subject. Further understanding can be gained through personal researches on the internet and other forms of media.

#### What you need to know about virtual currencies

A virtual currency is a form of unregulated digital money, meaning it is not issued or guaranteed by a central bank. It allows purchase of both virtual goods (such as in online gaming environments and social network) and real goods and services (such as in retailers, restaurants and other establishments). Unlike electronic money, which is backed by cash for 100% of its stored value, virtual currencies are not backed by any commodity like cash, gold or silver. Rather, they are merely valued subjectively according to one's ability to exchange them for goods.





# **BSP's REGULATORY APPROACH**

### BSP Circular No. 944 dated 06 February 2017 - Guidelines for Virtual Currency Exchanges (VCEs)

 Covers VCEs in the Philippines offering services or engaging in activities that provide facility for the conversion or exchange of fiat currency to VC or vice versa





## **BSP's REGULATORY APPROACH**

#### **REGISTRATION**

 VC exchanges must register with the BSP as a remittance and transfer company

#### **TRANSACTIONAL**

- Large value payout (Php500,000 and above - any single transaction) shall be via check payment or direct deposit to bank account
- Transact only with registered VC exchanges

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# **BSP's REGULATORY APPROACH**

#### **CONTROLS**

- Internal controls,
- Technology risk management
- Consumer protection
- Wallet management
- AML practices

#### **REPORTORIAL**

- Audited FS
- Report on volume and value of VCs transacted
- List of official offices and websites

#### **SANCTIONS**

- Supervisory actions
- Revocation of license



### RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

 Issued provisional license to <u>seven (7)</u> virtual currency exchanges (VCE).

40+ VCE

 applications for
 evaluation





### FORTHCOMING AMENDMENTS



#### • AML/CFT

√ Tightening of AML controls to ensure transactions happen through unbroken chain of regulated entities;

#### Safety & Soundness

- ✓ Additional capital and operational requirements for VCXs that maintain fiat wallets for their customers;
- ✓ Enhanced cybersecurity controls and other risk mitigants for managing customer VC wallets.

#### Consumer Protection

✓ Full disclosure to customers on the nature of the VC arrangement



### IN SUMMARY

### **MYTHS**

### **TRUTHS**

Myth 1: Cryptocurrencies are legal tender and shall soon replace fiat currency.

Truth 1: Cryptocurrencies, not backed by any central authority are not legal tender.

Myth 2: Cryptocurrencies are bad and are only used for illegal activities.

Truth 2: Cryptocurrencies, like fiat currencies, are neither bad nor good. They are neutral.

Myth 3: The BSP endorses the use of and/or investment in cryptocurrencies.

Truth 3: The BSP does not endorse cryptocurrencies but aims to address its risks as it intersects with the financial system.





